INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



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To the Chair Adelaide Festival Corporation

Opinion

I have audited the financial report of the Adelaide Festival Corporation (the Corporation) for the financial year ended 30 June 2024.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial report gives a true and fair view of the financial position of the Corporation as at 30 June 2024, its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with relevant Treasurer's Instructions issued under the provisions of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and Australian Accounting Standards - Simplified Disclosures.

The financial report comprises:

- a Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 June 2024
- a Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2024
- a Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 30 June 2024
- a Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 30 June 2024
- notes, comprising material accounting policy information and other explanatory information
- a Certificate from the Chair, the Chief Executive and the Head of Finance and Corporate Services.

Basis for opinion

I conducted the audit in accordance with the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report' section of my report. I am independent of the Corporation. The *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* establishes the independence of the Auditor-General. In conducting the audit, the relevant ethical requirements of APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards)* have been met.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Responsibilities of the Chief Executive and members of the Board for the financial report

The Chief Executive is responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with relevant Treasurer's Instructions issued under the provisions of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and Australian Accounting Standards - Simplified Disclosures, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Chief Executive is responsible for assessing the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, taking into account any policy or funding decisions the government has made which affect the continued existence of the entity. The Chief Executive is also responsible for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the assessment indicates that it is not appropriate.

The members of the Board are responsible for overseeing the entity's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

As required by section 31(1)(b) of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and section 19(3) of the *Adelaide Festival Corporation Act 1998*, I have audited the financial report of the Corporation for the financial year ended 30 June 2024.

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether
 due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks,
 and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for
 my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is
 higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery,
 intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Chief Executive
- conclude on the appropriateness of the Chief Executive's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify the opinion. My conclusion is based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of the auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause an entity to cease to continue as a going concern
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

My report refers only to the financial report described above and does not provide assurance over the integrity of electronic publication by the entity on any website nor does it provide an opinion on other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from the report.

I communicate with the Chief Executive and members of the Board about, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during the audit.

Daniel O'Donohue

Assistant Auditor-General (Financial Audit)

24 September 2024

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME For the year ended 30 June 2024			
	Note No.	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
Income			
SA Government grants	2.1	10,183	8,784
Non-SA Government grants	2.1	342	559
Box Office sales	2.2	4,506	5,350
Other sales		403	345
Interest		191	127
Other income	2.3	2,657	1,497
Sponsorship	2.4	2,021	1,818
Foundation Adelaide Festival distribution	2.5	1,211	1,700
Total income		21,514	20,179
Expenses			
Employee related expenses	3.3	5,582	5,279
Supplies and services	4.1	16,484	14,587
Depreciation and amortisation	5.2, 5.5	256	258
Borrowing costs	4.2	17	23
Total expenses		22,339	20,147
Net result		(825)	32
Total comprehensive result		(825)	32

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements. The net result and total comprehensive result are attributable to the SA Government as owner.

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 30 June 2024

As	at 30 June 2024		
	Note No.	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	6.1	773	630
Receivables	6,2	893	1,629
Total current assets		1,666	2,259
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	5.1	643	878
Intangible Assets	5.5	39	21
Total non-current assets		682	899
Total assets		2,348	3,158
Current liabilities			
Payables	7.1	350	266
Financial liabilities	7.2	175	214
Employee related liabilities	3.4	505	306
Provisions	7.3	22	15
Contract Liabilities	7.4	20	128
Total current liabilities		1,072	929
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities	7.2	256	431
Employee related liabilities	3.4	309	289
Provisions	7.3	98	71
Total non-current liabilities		663	791
Total liabilities		1,735	1,720
Net Assets		613	1,438
Equity			
Retained earnings		613	1,438
Total Equity		613	1,438

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements. The total equity is attributable to the SA Government as owner.

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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended 30 June 2024

	Retained earnings \$'000	Total Equity \$'000
Balance at 1 July 2022	1,406	1,406
Net Result for 2022-23	32	32
Total Comprehensive Result for 2022-23	32	32
Balance at 30 June 2023	1,438	1,438
Net Result for 2023-24	(825)	(825)
Total Comprehensive Result for 2023-24	(825)	(825)
Balance at 30 June 2024	613	613

accompanying notes form part of these financial statements. All changes in equity are attributable to the SA Government as owner.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the year ended 30 June 2024 Note 2024 2023 No. \$'000 \$'000 Cash flows from operating activities Cash inflows Receipts from SA Government 2.1 10,183 8,784 Receipts from customers, sponsors, donors and others 12,669 9,533 Receipts from Commonwealth-sourced grants 2.1 209 444 Receipts from Overseas Governments 2.1 132 116 Interest received 191 127 GST recovered from the ATO 224 Cash generated from operations 23,608 19,004 Cash outflows Employee related payments (5,277)(4,971)Payments for supplies and services (17,918)(15,638)Interest paid 4.2 (17)(23)GST paid to the ATO - 126 (167) Cash used in operations (23,212)(20,799)Net cash provided by operating activities 396 (1,795)Cash flows from investing activities Cash inflows Sale of plant and equipment 60 Cash outflows Purchase of plant and equipment (39)(261)Net cash used in investing activities (39)(201)Cash flows from financing activities Cash outflows 584 (214)Repayment of principal portion of lease liabilities 584 (214)Net cash used in financing activities (1,412)143 Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents 2,043 630 Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period 630 773 Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period 6.1

1. About the Adelaide Festival Corporation

The Adelaide Festival Corporation (the Corporation) was established pursuant to the Adelaide Festival Corporation Act 1998. Our vision is to be recognised nationally and internationally, as one of the world's greatest large-scale, multi-arts festivals that:

- · brings to its audience the power of great art;
- pursues new creative horizons;
- places Adelaide at the centre of Australia's cultural life;
- creates a transformational impact on our city, making art central to the culture of our society.

The Corporation does not control any other entity and has no interest in unconsolidated structured entities. The financial statements and accompanying notes include all the controlled activities of the Corporation.

1.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements prepared in compliance with:

- section 23 of the Public Finance and Audit Act 1987;
- Treasurers Instructions and Accounting Policy Statements issued by the Treasurer under the Public Finance and Audit Act 1987; and
- relevant Australian Accounting Standards, applying simplified disclosures.

For the purposes of preparing the financial statements, the Corporation is a not-for-profit entity. The financial statements are prepared based on a 12 month reporting period and presented in Australian currency. The historical cost convention is used unless a different measurement basis is specifically disclosed in the note associated with the item measured.

Income, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST except:

- when the GST incurred on a purchase of goods or services is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office, in which case the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item applicable; and
- receivables and payables, which are stated with the amount of GST included.

Cash flows include GST in the Statement of Cash Flows

Assets and liabilities that are to be sold, consumed or realised as part of the normal 12 month operating cycle have been classified as current assets or current liabilities. All other assets and liabilities are classified as non-current.

1.2. Objectives and programs

The functions of the Corporation, as prescribed under the Adelaide Festival Corporation Act 1998, are to:

- (a) Conduct in Adelaide and other parts of the State the multifaceted arts event that is known as the Adelaide Festival of Arts;
- (b) Continue and further develop the Adelaide Festival of Arts as an event of international standing and excellence:
- (c) Conduct or promote other arts events and activities;
- (d) Provide advisory, consultative, managerial or support services within areas of the Corporation's expertise;
- (e) Undertake other activities that promote the arts or public interest in the arts, or that otherwise involve an appropriate use of its resources; and
- (f) Carry out other functions assigned to the Corporation by or under the Adelaide Festival Corporation Act 1998 or any other Act, or by the Minister.

2. Income

The 2024 Festival program fell short of the targeted box office as we did not reach targeted audience numbers for all shows. Ticketed attendance this year was 66,330 compared to 85,134 in the prior year. The level of funding from SA Government increased in 2024 due to the additional funding received (through the Major Events Attraction Committee) and the total overall contribution from the SA Government to the Festival Program was 47.6% (2023: 43.5%) of total income.

2.1. Grants from Governments

ants nom governments	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
SA Government grants	10,183	8,784
Commonwealth-sourced grants	210	443
Overseas Government grants	132	116
Non-SA Government grants	342	559
Total grants from Governments	10,525	9,343

Revenues from Governments mainly relate to a recuring annual operating grant with the Department of the Premier and Cabinet (DPC) through a Memorandum of Administrative Arrangement (MOAA). The Corporation has concluded that the MOAA (which forms majority of the SA Government grant above) does not contain sufficiently specific performance obligations, therefore the grant funding is recognised under AASB 1058 upon receipt.

2.2.	Box Office			
			2024	2023
			\$'000	\$'000
	Ticketek		2,098	3,044
	Tessitura		2,408	2,306
		Total box office	4,506	5,350

A contract is established when a customer purchases a show ticket. The performance obligation is to deliver the show on time. As such, all the box office sales are recognised as a revenue under AASB15 upon completion of the show.

All ticket sales for Adelaide Festival Centre Trust venues are purchased by the public through Ticketek but the Corporation is also able to use its own ticketing system to sell tickets for all other venues, where no ticketing contract exists.

2.3. Other income

		2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
Sundry		1,733	727
Friends membership		112	130
Donations		812	640
	Total other income	2,657	1,497

The Corporation engaged volunteers to provide ushering and information services during the Festival events. These services were not recognised because they did not form a core part of the Festival program and services of this nature would not have otherwise been purchased.

Friends membership and sundry income are recognised under AASB 15. Sundry income includes copresented fees that are recognised as income once the applicable show has been performed.

Donations are recognised upon receipt under AASB 1058.

2.4. Sponsorship

		2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
Sponsorship – Cash		1,137	1,229
Sponsorship - In-kind		884	589
	Total sponsorship	2,021	1,818

Expenses related to in-kind sponsorship have been recognised in supplies and services.

For multiple year sponsorships with funding received in advance, the Corporation recognises revenue over time when its performance obligations are satisfied at the end of each festival. The unfulfilled portion is recognised as contract liabilities and disclosed in note 7.4.

2.5 Foundation Adelaide Festival Distribution

	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
Funding from Foundation Adelaide Festival	1,211	1,700
Total Funding	1,211	1,700

The Foundation Adelaide Festival is a charitable institution operating in Australia to establish, maintain and act as Trustee of a public ancillary fund, to be known as 'The Foundation Adelaide Festival Public Ancillary Fund', solely for the purpose of providing money, property or benefits to the Adelaide Festival Public Fund. Under the Governance and Relationship Structure, an annual distribution is made from the Foundation to the Adelaide Festival Corporation, based on funds raised across various campaigns through annual giving.

3. Board, committees and employees

3.1. Key Management Personnel

Key Management Personnel of the Corporation include the Minister, Chief Executive, Artistic Director and the Board who have responsibility for the management of the Corporation including its strategic and artistic direction.

The Board Members are appointed by the Government in accordance with the *Adelaide Festival Corporation Act 1998*.

Total compensation for key management personnel was \$709,234 (2023: \$555,104).

The compensation disclosed in this note excludes salaries and other benefits the Minister receives. The Minister's remuneration and allowances are set by *Parliamentary Remuneration Act 1990* and the Remuneration Tribunal of SA respectively and are payable from the Consolidated Account (via Department of Treasury and Finance) under section 6 the *Parliamentary Remuneration Act 1990*.

Compensation of key management is disclosed above. During 2023-24 a number of Board Members provided donations or sponsorships either directly or on behalf of their organisations

3.2. Board and Committee members

Members during the 2024 financial year were:

Board

Ms Judy Potter (Chair) (until August 2023)
Ms Tracey Whiting (Chair) (since September 2023)
Mr Mark Roderick (until August 2023)
Hon. Amanda Vanstone
Mr Anthony Berg
Mr Brenton Cox
Ms Mary Couros
Ms Alison Beare
Mr Stephen Page (since September 2023)
Ms Leesa Chesser (since January 2024)

Audit and Risk Committee

Mr Mark Roderick (Chair until August 2023) Mr Brenton Cox (Chair since September 2023) Ms Judy Potter (until August 2023) Ms Tracey Whiting (since September 2023)

Mr Anthony Berg Ms Alison Beare (since September 2023) Ms Megan Hender (until April 2024)

Board and committee remuneration

The number of members whose remuneration received or receivable falls within the following bands:

		2024	2023
\$0 - \$19,999		11	11
	Total number of members	11	11

The total remuneration received or receivable by members was \$48,000 (2023: \$29,500). From which \$18,258 (2023: \$5,884) was donated back to the Corporation. Remuneration of members includes sitting fees, superannuation contributions, salary sacrifice benefits, fringe benefits and related fringe benefits tax.

From time to time, Board members will receive complimentary tickets to shows or events conducted by the Corporation. These benefits are provided to attend Festival events solely for the purpose of the execution of duties of office and direct hosting of guests, sponsors and donors.

3.3. Employee related expenses

Total employee benefits expense	5,582	5,279
Board fees	48	29
Employment on-costs – other	275	277
Employment on-costs – superannuation	508	426
Salaries and wages	4,751	4,547
	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000

Employment on-costs – superannuation

The superannuation employment on-cost charge represents the Corporation's contributions to superannuation plans in respect of current services of current employees.

Employee remuneration

The number of employees whose remuneration received or receivable fell within the following bands:

No \$166 001 to \$186 000 - \$186 001 to \$206 000 1 \$206 001 to \$226 000 - \$226 001 to \$246 000 - \$246 001 to \$266 000 - \$266 001 to \$286 000 - \$286,001 to \$306,000 - \$306,001 to \$326,000 - \$326,001 to \$346,000 2 Total 3		2024	2023
\$186 001 to \$206 000		No	No
\$206 001 to \$226 000 - \$226 001 to \$246 000 - \$246 001 to \$266 000 - \$266 001 to \$286 000 - \$286,001 to \$306,000 - \$306,001 to \$326,000 - \$326,001 to \$346,000 2	\$166 001 to \$186 000	-	-
\$226 001 to \$246 000 - \$246 001 to \$266 000 - \$266 001 to \$286 000 - \$286,001 to \$306,000 - \$306,001 to \$326,000 - \$326,001 to \$346,000 2	\$186 001 to \$206 000	1	-
\$246 001 to \$266 000 - \$266 001 to \$286 000 - \$286,001 to \$306,000 - \$306,001 to \$326,000 - \$326,001 to \$346,000 2	\$206 001 to \$226 000	-	1
\$266 001 to \$286 000 - \$286,001 to \$306,000 - \$306,001 to \$326,000 - \$326,001 to \$346,000 2	\$226 001 to \$246 000	-	-
\$286,001 to \$306,000 - \$306,000 - \$326,001 to \$326,000 - \$326,001 to \$346,000 2	\$246 001 to \$266 000	-	-
\$306,001 to \$326,000 - \$326,001 to \$346,000 2	\$266 001 to \$286 000	-	-
\$326,001 to \$346,000 2	\$286,001 to \$306,000	-	-
		-	1
Total 3	\$326,001 to \$346,000	2	
	Total	3	2

The total remuneration received by these employees for the year was \$849,773 (2023 \$525,604).

The table includes all employees who received remuneration equal to or greater than the base executive remuneration level during the year. Remuneration of employees reflects all costs of employment including

salaries and wages, payments in lieu of leave, superannuation contributions, salary sacrifice benefits, fringe benefits and any fringe benefits tax paid or payable in respect of those benefits.

3.4. Employee related liabilities

	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
Current		
Accrued Salaries and Wages	63	50
Annual Leave	211	179
Long Service Leave	-	_
Employment oncosts	231	77
Total current employee related liabilities	505	306
Non-Current		
Long Service Leave	268	249
Employment oncosts	41	40
Total non-current employee related liabilities	309	289
Total employee related liabilities	814	595

Long-term employee related liabilities are measured as the present value and short-term employee related liabilities are measured at nominal amounts.

Salaries and wages, annual leave and sick leave

The liability for salary and wages is measured as the amount unpaid at the reporting date at remuneration rates current at the reporting date.

The annual leave liability in full is expected to be payable within 12 months and is measured at the undiscounted amount expected to be paid.

Long service leave

The liability for long service leave is measured at the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method.

The actuarial assessment performed by the Department of Treasury and Finance has provided a basis for the measurement of long service leave and is based on actuarial assumptions on expected future salary and wage levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. These assumptions are based on employee data over SA Government entities.

AASB 119 Employee Benefits requires the use of the yield on long term Commonwealth Government bonds as the discount rate in the measurement of the long service leave liability. The yield on long-term Commonwealth Government bonds has increased from 2023 (4.00%) to 2024 (4.25%).

The actuarial assessment performed by the Department of Treasury and Finance maintained the salary inflation rate at 3.5% for long service leave liability in 2024.

The net financial effect of the changes to actuarial assumptions in the current financial year is an increase in the long service liability of \$8,379 and employee benefits expense of \$8,379. The impact on future periods is impracticable to estimate as the long service leave liability is calculated using a number of demographical and financial assumptions including the long-term discount rate.

The current portion of employee related liabilities reflects the amount for which the Corporation does not have right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after reporting date. For long service leave, the amount relates to leave approved before year end that will be taken within 12 months, expected amount

of leave to be approved and taken by eligible employees within 12 months, and expected amount of leave to be paid on termination to eligible employees within 12 months.

Employment on-costs

Employment on-costs include payroll tax and superannuation contributions and are settled when the respective employee benefits that they relate to is discharged.

These on-costs primarily relate to the balance of leave owing to employees. Estimates as to the proportion of long service leave estimated to be taken as leave, rather than being paid on termination, affects whether certain on-costs are recognised as a consequence of long service liabilities.

4. Expenses

4.1. Supplies and services

The current breakdown of supplies and services for the 2024 Festival shows that 78.3% went towards the presentation of the Festival, 10.3% went to the promotion of the Festival, 3.0% went to servicing our corporate sponsorship and philanthropy programs, and 8.4% went to corporate governance and artistic direction.

	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Presentation of the Festival		
Event staging and contracts	5,208	4,755
Cost of goods for sale	744	721
Royalty and license fees	472	286
Artist fees and payments	4,734	3,646
Artist travel and accommodation	1,745	1,599
Total presentation of the Festival	12,903	11,007
Promotion of the Festival		
Marketing, advertising and media	1,445	1,288
Design, printing and distribution costs	257	268
Total promotion of the Festival	1,702	1,557
Corporate governance and artistic direction		
Short-term and low-value leases	49	63
Communications and information technology	238	234
Insurance	80	86
Other expenditure	1,010	1,047
Total corporate governance and artistic direction	1,377	1,430
Corporate sponsorship and philanthropy programs		
Hospitality, sponsorship and ticketing	502	594
Total corporate sponsorship and philanthropy programs	502	594
Total supplies and services	16,484	14,587

Other expenses include audit fees paid/payable to the Audit Office of South Australia relating to work performed under the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* were \$44,700 (2023: \$43,500). No other services were provided by Audit Office of South Australia.

The total amount paid for consultants for the year was \$32,625 (2023: \$25,000)

4.2. Borrowing costs

	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
Interest expense on lease liabilities	17	23
Total borrowing costs	17	23

5. Non-financial assets

5.1. Property, plant and equipment by asset class

Property, plant and equipment comprises tangible assets owned and right-of-use (leased) assets.

	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
Plant and equipment at cost (deemed Fair Value)	679	679
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(648)	(610)
Total plant and equipment	31	68
Furniture and Fittings at cost Less: Accumulated depreciation	221 (60)	221 (12)
Total Furniture and Fittings	161	209
Right-of-use buildings	751	751 (450)
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(300)	(150)
Total Right-of-use buildings	451	601
Total Property, Plant and Equipment	643	878

5.2. Property, plant and equipment owned by the Corporation

Property, plant and equipment owned by the Corporation with a value equal to or in excess of \$1,000 is capitalised, otherwise it is expensed. Property, plant and equipment owned by the Corporation is recorded at fair value.

Impairment

Property, plant and equipment owned by the Corporation has been assessed for impairment.

Fair Value

AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants, in the principal or most advantageous market, at the measurement date.

Reconciliation 2023-2024

Carrying amount at the beginning of the period	Plant and equipment \$'000 68	Furniture and Fittings \$'000 209	Right-of- use buildings \$'000 601	Total \$'000 878
Depreciation	(37)	(48)	(150)	(235)
Carrying amount at the end of the period	31	161	451	643

5.3. Depreciation and amortisation

All non-current assets not held for sale with a limited useful life are systematically depreciated/amortised over their useful lives in a manner that reflects the consumption of their service potential.

Useful life

Depreciation and amortisation are calculated on a straight-line basis. Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets depreciation and amortisation are calculated over the estimated useful life as follows:

Class of Asset	Useful life (years)	
Plant and equipment	3-10	
Furniture and Fittings	3-5	
Right-of-use buildings	life of lease	
Purchased computer software	4-5	

Review of accounting estimates

Assets' residual values, useful lives and amortisation methods are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, on an annual basis. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are accounted for prospectively by changing the time period or method, as appropriate.

5.4. Property, plant and equipment leased by the Corporation

Right-of-use assets for property, plant and equipment leased by the Corporation as lessee are measured at cost. The Corporation's right-of-use assets mainly relate to a lease of 605.5m2 floor of a building in the Adelaide CBD, being the registered office of the Corporation. The lease is for a term of 5 years expiring in October 2027.

The Corporation also has a warehouse/storage space in Richmond and an outdoor storage in Netley which expired in March 2023. Both leases were with the Department for Infrastructure and Transport (DIT). Short-term leases of 12 months or less and low value leases, where the underlying asset value is less than \$15,000 are not recognised as right-of-use assets. The associated lease payments are recognised as an expense and are disclosed in note 4.1.

The lease liabilities related to the right-of-use assets are disclosed in note 7.2.

Impairment

Property, plant and equipment leased by the Corporation has been assessed for impairment. There was no indication of impairment.

5.5. Intangible assets

	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
Purchased computer software	220	181
Less: accumulated amortisation	(181)	(160)
Total intangible assets	39	21

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost and are tested for indications of impairment at each reporting date. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

The acquisition of or internal development of software is capitalised only when the expenditure meets the definition and recognition criteria and when the amount of expenditure is greater than or equal to \$1,000.

Reconciliation 2023-2024

	Purchased computer software \$'000	Total \$'000
Carrying amount at beginning of the period	21	21
Additions Amortisation	39 (21)	39 (21)
Carrying amount at the end of the period	39	39

6. Financial Assets

6.1. Cash and cash equivalents

	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
Cash at bank	611	158
Cash at hand	1	1
Short term deposits with SAFA	161	471
Total cash and cash equivalents	773	630

Short term deposits are made on an at-call basis with funds transferred within 24 hours upon request. The deposits are lodged with SAFA and earn interest at the respective short term deposit rate on a monthly basis.

6.2. Receivables

	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
Current		
Trade receivables		
From non-government entities	203	1,291
Statutory receivables		
GST input tax recoverable	268	167
Prepayments	422	171
Total current receivables	893	1,629

Trade receivables arise in the normal course of selling goods and services to other government agencies and to the public. Trade receivables are normally settled within 14 days after the receipt of an invoice or the goods/services have been provided under contractual agreement.

Statutory receivables do not arise from contracts with customers. They are recognised and measured similarly to contractual receivables (except impairment) but are not classified as financial instruments for disclosure purposes.

The net amount of GST recoverable from the ATO is included as part of receivables. Receivables, prepayments and accrued revenues are non-interest bearing. Receivables are held with the objective of collecting the contractual cash flows and they are measured at amortised cost.

The Corporation has assessed the collectability of its trade receivables and does not believe that counterparties will fail to discharge their obligations. The carrying amount of receivables approximates net fair value due to being receivable on demand.

7. Liabilities

Employee related liabilities are disclosed in note 3.4.

7.1. Payables

,	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
Current		
Trade payables and accrued expenses	305	266
_	305	266
Statutory payables		
Audit fees	45	42
	45	42
Total payables	350	266

Payables and accruals are raised for all amounts owing but unpaid. All payables are non-interest bearing. The carrying amount of payables represents fair value due to their short-term nature.

Statutory payables do not arise from contracts.

7.2.	Financial Liabilities		
		2024	2023
		\$'000	\$'000
	Current		
	Lease Liabilities	175	214
	Total current payables	175	214
	Non-Current		
	Lease Liabilities	256	431
	Total non-current payables	256	431
	Total financial liabilities	431	645

The Corporation measures financial liabilities including borrowings/debt at amortised cost.

7.3. Provisions

	2024	2023
Current	\$000	\$000
Provision for workers compensation	22	15
Total current provisions	22	15
Non-current		
Make good provision	15	15
Provision for workers compensation	83	56
Total non-current provisions	98	71
Total provisions	120	86

Movement in provisions	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
Carrying amount at beginning of the period	86	47
Additional provisions recognised	34	39
Carrying amount at the end of the period	120	86

A provision has been reported to reflect unsettled workers compensation claims. The workers compensation provision is based on an actuarial assessment of the outstanding liability as at 30 June 2024 provided by a consulting actuary engaged through the Office of the Commissioner for the Public Sector. The provision is for the estimated cost of ongoing payments to employees as required under the current legislation.

The Corporation is responsible for the payment of workers compensation claims.

An additional make good provision has also been recognised to reflect the possible end of lease costs for the office lease.

7.4. Contract Liabilities

	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
Current		
Contract liabilities	20	128
Total contract liabilities	20	128

Contract liabilities relate to income received in advance with performance obligations to be fulfilled in future years.

8. Other disclosures

8.1. Cash flow

Cash flows are included in the Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which is recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is classified as part of the operating cash flows.

9. Outlook

9.1. Unrecognised commitments

Expenditure commitments

and the community of the control of	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
Within one year	40	20
Later than one year but not longer than two years	21	18
Total expenditure commitments	61	38

The Corporation's expenditure commitments relate to three computer equipment leases. There are three 3-year equipment leases, one from October 2021 to September 2024, one from July 2022 to June 2025 and the third from July 2023 to June 2026, all on interest free terms.

9.2. Contingent assets and liabilities

Contingent assets and contingent liabilities are not recognised in the Statement of Financial Position, but are disclosed by way of a note and, if quantifiable, are measured at nominal value.

The Corporation is not aware of any contingent assets and liabilities.

9.3. Events after the reporting period

The Corporation is not aware of any events after the reporting period.

Certification of the Financial Statements

We certify that the:

- financial statements of the Adelaide Festival Corporation:
 - are in accordance with the accounts and records of the authority;
 - comply with relevant Treasurer's instructions;
 - comply with relevant accounting standards; and
 - present a true and fair view of the financial position of the authority at the end of the financial year and the result of its operations and cash flows for the financial year.
- internal controls employed by the Adelaide Festival Corporation for the financial year over its financial reporting and its preparation of financial statements have been effective.

Tracey Whiting

Chair

Kath Mainland CBE

Chief Executive

Karishma Reynolds

Head of Finance and Corporate Services

Date 29 August 2024