

Audit Office of South Australia

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To the Small Business Commissioner Retail Shop Leases Fund

Opinion

I have audited the financial report of the Retail Shop Leases Fund for the financial year ended 30 June 2024.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial report gives a true and fair view of the financial position of the Retail Shop Leases Fund as at 30 June 2024, its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with relevant Treasurer's Instructions issued under the provisions of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and Australian Accounting Standards – Simplified Disclosures.

The financial report comprises:

- a Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended 30 June 2024
- a Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2024
- a Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 30 June 2024
- a Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 30 June 2024
- notes, comprising material accounting policy information and other explanatory information
- a Certificate from the Small Business Commissioner and the Manager, Corporate Operations.

Basis for opinion

I conducted the audit in accordance with the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the 'Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report' section of my report. I am independent of the Retail Shop Leases Fund. The *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* establishes the independence of the Auditor-General. In conducting the audit, the relevant ethical requirements of APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards) have been met. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Responsibilities of the Small Business Commissioner for the financial report

The Small Business Commissioner is responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with relevant Treasurer's Instructions issued under the provisions of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987* and Australian Accounting Standards – Simplified Disclosures, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Small Business Commissioner is responsible for assessing the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, taking into account any policy or funding decisions the government has made which affect the continued existence of the entity. The Small Business Commissioner is also responsible for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the assessment indicates that it is not appropriate.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

As required by section 31(1)(b) of the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987*, and section 72(2) of the *Retail and Commercial Leases Act 1995*, I have audited the financial report of the Retail Shop Leases Fund for the financial year ended 30 June 2024.

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

 identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control

- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Retail Shop Leases Fund's internal control
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Small Business Commissioner
- conclude on the appropriateness of the Small Business Commissioner's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify the opinion. My conclusion is based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of the auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause an entity to cease to continue as a going concern
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

My report refers only to the financial report described above and does not provide assurance over the integrity of electronic publication by the entity on any website nor does it provide an opinion on other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from the report.

I communicate with the Small Business Commissioner about, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during the audit.

RIA

Daniel O'Donohue Assistant Auditor-General (Financial Audit)

27 September 2024

Retail Shop Leases Fund

Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2024

We certify that the:

- financial statements of the Retail Shop Leases Fund:
 - are in accordance with the accounts and records of the Retail Shop Leases Fund;
 - comply with relevant Treasurer's Instructions;
 - comply with relevant accounting standards; and
 - present a true and fair view of the financial position of the Retail Shop Leases Fund at the end of the financial year and the result of its operation and cash flows for the financial year.
- internal controls employed by the Retail Shop Leases Fund for the financial year over its financial reporting and its preparation of financial statements have been effective.

Nerissa Kilvert Small Business Commissioner 27 September 2024

Ashlee King Manager, Corporate Operations 27 September 2024

Retail Shop Leases Fund Statement of Comprehensive Income

for the year ended 30 June 2024

Income	Note	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
Gain on revaluation of investments		242	291
Interest and investment income	2.1	910	512
Total income		1 152	803
Expenses			
Administration	3.1	194	194
Other expenses	3.2	8	9
Total expenses		202	203
Net result		950	600
Total comprehensive result		950	600

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements. The net result and total comprehensive result are attributable to the SA Government as owner.

Retail Shop Leases Fund Statement of Financial Position

as at 30 June 2024

	N /	2024	2023
Comment and at	Note	\$'000	\$'000
Current assets Investments	4.3	3 757	3 493
	4.3	671	
Cash and cash equivalents	4.1		469
Receivables	4.2	466	300
Total current assets		4 894	4 262
Non-current assets			
Investments	4.3	20 778	17 281
Total non-current assets		20 778	17 281
Total assets		25 672	21 543
Current liabilities			
Security bonds lodged	5.1	4 390	2 973
Payables	5.2	38	2010
Total current liabilities		4 428	2 993
Non-current liabilities			
Security bonds lodged	5.1	17 527	15 783
Total non-current liabilities		17 527	15 783
Total liabilities		21 955	18 776
Net assets		3 717	2 767
Equity			
Retained earnings		3 717	2 767
Total equity		3 717	2 767

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements. The total equity is attributable to the SA Government as owner.

	Retained earnings \$'000	Total equity \$'000
Balance at 1 July 2022	2 167	2 167
Net result for 2023-23 Total comprehensive result for 2023-23	600	600 600
Balance at 30 June 2023	2 767	2 767
Net result for 2023-24	950	950
Total comprehensive result for 2023-24	950	950
Balance at 30 June 2024	3 717	3 717

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements. All changes in equity are attributable to the SA Government as owner.

Retail Shop Leases Fund Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 30 June 2024

Note	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
Cash flows from operating activities		
Cash inflows		
Bonds lodged	5 736	4 925
Interest received	25	12
Cash generated from operating activities	5 761	4 937
Cash outflows		
Bond refunds	(2 565)	(1 688)
Administration	(186)	(381)
Other expenses	(8)	(9)
Cash used in operating activities	(2 759)	(2 078)
Net cash provided by operating activities	3 002	2 859
Cash flows from investing activities		
Cash outflows		
Purchase of investments	(2 800)	(3 000)
Cash used in investing activities	(2 800)	(3 000)
Net cash used in investing activities	(2 800)	(3 000)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	202	(141)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period	469	610
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period 4.1	671	469

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

1. About the Retail Shop Leases Fund

The Retail Shop Leases Fund (RSLF) is established under the *Retail and Commercial Leases Act 1995* (the Act). The financial statements are required by section 72(1) of the Act and include income, expenses, assets and liabilities which the Small Business Commissioner (the Commissioner) manages on behalf of the SA Government.

The RSLF does not control any other entity and has no interest in unconsolidated structured entities.

1.1. Basis of preparation

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements prepared in compliance with:

- section 23 of the Public Finance and Audit Act 1987;
- Treasurer's Instructions and Accounting Policy Statements issued by the Treasurer under the *Public Finance* and *Audit Act 1987*; and
- relevant Australian Accounting Standards applying simplified disclosures.

The financial statements are prepared based on a 12 month reporting period and presented in Australian currency. All amounts in the financial statements and accompanying notes have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars (\$'000). The historical cost convention is used unless a different measurement basis is specifically disclosed in the note associated with the item measured.

Assets and liabilities that are sold, consumed or realised as part of the normal operating cycle even have been classified as current assets or current liabilities. All other assets and liabilities are classified as non-current.

Significant accounting policies are set out throughout the notes.

Income, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST) except:

- when the GST incurred on a purchase of goods or services is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation
 Office, in which case the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the
 expense item applicable; and
- receivables and payables, which are stated with the amount of GST included.

Cash Flows are included in the Statement of Cash Flows on a gross basis, and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which is recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is classified as part of operating cash flows.

The net amount of the GST receivable/payable to the ATO is not recognised as a receivable/payable in the Statement of Financial Position as the RSLF is a member of an approved GST group of which the Attorney-General's Department is responsible for the remittance and collection of GST.

1.2. Objectives and activities

The RSLF consists of amounts received by the Commissioner by way of security bonds, and other amounts paid into the RSLF under the Act. Income derived from the investment of the RSLF may be applied towards the costs of administering the Act, enforcing the Act and education of lessors and lessees about their statutory and contractual rights and obligations as approved by the responsible Minister.

The RSLF's main source of income is interest derived and distributions from the investment of RSLF assets in accordance with subsection 100(4) of the Act. RSLF assets mainly represent the investment of security bonds received in accordance with subsection 19(5)(b) of the Act.

2. Income

2.1. Interest and investment

	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Interest and investment	910	512
Total interest and investment	910	512

Interest and investment income is recognised as it accrues and includes interest and distributions from RSLF's bank accounts and investments held with the Public Trustee.

3. Expenses

3.1. Administration

	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Administration	194	194
Total administration	194	194

Reimbursements to the Commissioner for part of the cost of administering Part 10 of the Act.

3.2. Other expenses

	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Audit fee*	8	8
Other		11
Total other expenses		9

*Includes Audit fees paid / payable to the Audit Office of South Australia relating to work performed under the *Public Finance and Audit Act 1987.* No other services were provided by the Audit Office of South Australia.

4. Financial assets

4.1. Cash and cash equivalents

	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Cash at bank	671	469
Total cash and cash equivalents	671	469
4.2. Receivables		
	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Accrued interest and investment income	466	300
Total receivables	466	300
4.3. Investments		
	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Current		
Investments	3 757	3 493
Total current investments	3 757	3 493
Non-current		
Investments	20 778	17 281
Total non-current investments	20 778	17 281
Total investments	24 535	20 774

Investments represent funds deposited with the Public Trustee. These investments have been designated as fair value through the Statement of Comprehensive Income as they are held with the intention to dispose of the asset if required to ensure sufficient cash flow to meet bond repayments. Investments are made by way of unit holdings in a selection of common funds managed by the Public Trustee. The proportion of unit holdings is dependent upon the investment strategy adopted.

As at 30 June 2024 the RSLF held investments in common funds in the following proportions:

Cash Common Fund	15.04% (2023: 16.59%)
Net Liabilities / Receivables	1.81% (2023: 1.37%)
Balanced	4.84% (2023: 4.81%)
Capital Stable	78.32% (2023: 77.27%)

Investments are measured at fair value in accordance with unit prices at balance date as advised by the applicable fund manager. Investments are classified as either current or non-current. Those to be rolled over within 12 months are classified as a current investment.

5. Liabilities

5.1. Security bonds lodged

	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Current		
Bonds lodged	4 390	2 973
Total current security bonds lodged	4 390	2 973
Non-current		
Bonds lodged	17 527	15 783
Total non-current security bonds lodged	17 527	15 783
Total security bonds lodged	21 917	18 756

Security bonds are received to ensure a lessee on cessation of a retail shop lease complies with all statutory compliance under the Act. Bonds lodged are recognised as a liability on receipt.

5.2. Payables

	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Creditors	24	16
Unclaimed bonds	14	4
Total payables	38	20

Unclaimed security bonds consist of bonds that have been refunded to the bond holder and remain unpresented for greater than three months. Security bonds which are unclaimed for longer than 6 years are transferred to the Department of Treasury and Finance Unclaimed Monies account.

6. Outlook

6.1. Unrecognised contractual commitments

The RSLF has no commitments contracted for at the reporting date but not recognised as liabilities.

6.2. Contingent assets and liabilities

The Commissioner is not aware of any contingent assets or liabilities at reporting date.

6.3. Events after the reporting period

The Commissioner is not aware of any events occurring after the balance date that would affect these financial statements.

7. Measurement and risk

7.1. Financial instruments

Financial risk management

Risk management is managed by the Commissioner and the RSLF's risk management policies are in accordance with the SA Government Risk Management Guide and the principles established in the Australian Standard *Risk Management Principles and Guidelines*.

The RSLF is invested as approved by the Minister in accordance with section 70(4) of the Act.

All cash balances and cash common funds held with the Public Trustee are available at call. Investments held with the Public Trustee are classified as 'fair value through the profit and loss' financial assets. Net gains or losses resulting from movements in fair value of investments are recognised through the profit and loss.

Investments represent funds held with the Public Trustee. The Public Trustee has invested in collective investment vehicles for the purpose of gaining exposure to Australian and international equities. The managers of such vehicles have invested in a variety of financial instruments which expose the fund to investment risks including market, credit, interest and currency risks. At reporting date funds totalling \$24.54 million were invested with the Public Trustee. Pooled investment funds are not rated for credit risk. The Public Trustee considers the credit risk for individual fund managers prior to investing funds and reviews these assessments quarterly.

Impairment of financial assets

The RSLF considers that its financial assets have low credit risk based on the external credit ratings of the counter parties and therefore the expected credit risk is nil.

Categorisation of financial instruments

Details of the significant accounting policies and methods adopted including the criteria for recognition, the basis of measurement, and the basis on which income and expenses are recognised with respect to each class of financial asset, financial liability and equity instrument are disclosed in the respective financial asset / financial liability note.

Classification of financial instruments

With the exception of investments with the Public Trustee, all financial instruments are measured at amortised cost and have a contract maturity within one year.